TABLE OF CONTENTS
READ THE INSTRUCTIONS .................................................................1
INTRODUCTION .....................................................................................2
WHAT IS INCLUDED .............................................................................2
FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS .....................................................3
INSTALLATION ......................................................................................5
ROOM AIR REPLACEMENT .................................................................6
INSTALLATION OF MULTIPLE VENTS .....................................................6
TYPICAL NUMBER AND SIZE OF HOLES TO BE DRILLED IN L&L KILNS .................................................................7
OPERATION .............................................................................................7
IMPORTANT CAUTIONS ........................................................................7
ADJUSTING THE BYPASS SYSTEM ......................................................7
The Smell Method: ..................................................................................8
Industrial Point of View: .........................................................................8
The Smoke Method: ................................................................................8
For Gross Adjustment: ...........................................................................8
VENTING CODES ................................................................................8
REGULAR MAINTENANCE ...................................................................8
FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS .....................................................9
How do I determine the size, number and location of holes in the top and bottom of the kiln? .................................................................9
How do I know if the system is working? ..............................................9
How hot does the duct get during the firing? ........................................9
How long can the duct be and how many bends can it have? ...............9
Do I need double wall duct when going through the roof? .................9
What type of duct do I use if I need more than 8 feet? .........................9
Will the fumes coming through the vent damage my plants, the neighborhood pets or disturb the local environment? .........................9
Will using the vent cause my firing to take longer? .............................10
What does it cost to operate the vent system? .....................................10
Will the cold air entering the kiln damage the product? .......................10
Will faster cooling crack the ware if I leave the vent on during the cooling Cycle? .................................................................10
What should I do if I still smell fumes? ..............................................10
MOTOR SPECIFICATIONS ................................................................10
PARTS .....................................................................................................11

READ THE INSTRUCTIONS
You are now the proud owner of an L&L “VENT-SURE” kiln ventilation system, engineered to give you the utmost in performance and results. This is an expensive and potentially hazardous appliance (if not used with proper caution). PLEASE TAKE THE TIME TO READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS. There is important information that you need to understand to operate your L&L kiln ventilation system safely and properly.
CHECKING SHIPMENT
Your ventilation system was carefully packed and inspected prior to shipment to make sure that all accessories were in perfect condition.

When carrier makes delivery, you should immediately unpack your ventilation system and accessories to determine whether or not any damage has occurred in transit.

If damage has occurred, retain all of the packaging material and notify the delivering carrier at once, requesting an inspection report. Retain all papers to insure that a proper claim can be filed. We will assist you in any way possible with your claim; however, filing and collecting on freight claims is the receiver’s responsibility.

INTRODUCTION

WHAT DOES THE VENT DO?
The Vent-Sure Kiln Ventilation System is designed to pull air contaminated with carbon monoxide and other fumes including those of volatile metals, decals, sulfur oxide, and others in a down draft fashion out of the kiln and then vent it outside or to a central vent system.

MOUNTING OF THE VENT BLOWER
The vent blower is mounted on an outside wall or window, or near an existing exhaust ducting system. (With the special “Multi-Mounting Bracket” the vent motor may be mounted on the floor or a wall with the outlet pointing up and then connected to an existing vent system or 4” wall outlet). The Bypass Collection Box mounts to the kiln either on the side of the bottom kiln section, or underneath the kiln on the kiln stand. (Jupiter and Easy-Fire kilns have studs on the stands to accept this box). It covers holes drilled through the brick. The blower is then connected to the Bypass Collection Box with the flexible aluminum duct, and the blower is plugged into a 120 Volt receptacle for operation.

NEGATIVE PRESSURE
When operating, the Vent-Sure system creates a negative pressure (partial vacuum) in both the Kiln and the flexible aluminum duct, so that fumes are pulled out of the kiln as well as out of the flexible duct. No taping of joints is necessary (although it is OK to do this). Should a leak develop in the duct, air will be sucked into the duct rather than blown out of it. This is a major advantage of the L&L Vent-Sure vent system.

AIR INLETS
Normally no holes are necessary in the lid brick for fresh air inlet as the leaks in most kilns allow sufficient fresh air to be drawn into the kiln through element end penetrations, peephole plugs, leaks between the lid and the top section, leaks between sections, and leaks between the bottom section and the bottom brick. Holes may be drilled in the lid brick at any time if later found necessary. If you decide to drill holes in the lid start with a 1/4” diameter hole drilled about 4 inches in from an edge of the lid (and then add other holes as necessary in the back of the lid and then on the sides). BE SURE NOT TO DILL ANY HOLES WITHIN 6” OF THE THERMOCOUPLES. You do not want cold air flowing onto the thermocouples.

HEAT IS AWAY FROM MOTOR
Other important advantages of the L&L Vent-Sure downdraft kiln vent system are that the motor, being mounted away from the kiln (and the floor), will not pick up brick dust (which could destroy the motor), will not cause the kiln to vibrate (which can cause ware to move, damage to the kiln, and misfiring of cones on a Dawson Kiln Sitter) and will not be affected by the heat of the kiln. Because the motor is not under the kiln you can turn the vent off whenever you want. It is not necessary to keep it on to cool the motor as in some other kiln vents.

IMPORTANT CAUTION
DO NOT OPEN ONE OF YOUR PEEPHOLES WHEN USING A THE VENT-SURE VENT (regardless of what it may say in the Dawson Kiln Sitter manual). Opening a peephole is acceptable ONLY when venting your kiln manually by opening the lid. Also do not open the lid when venting with the Vent-Sure. It will let in far too much air when you are using a motorized vent. THIS CAN BE DANGEROUS because the cold air can cool down the thermocouples or Dawson tube assembly and trick the thermocouple...
or cone into thinking that the kiln is much cooler than it really is. THIS COULD LEAD TO AN OVERFIRED KILN OR OVERFIRED WORK!

**WHAT IS INCLUDED**

One (1) wall-mounted blower mounted on a bracket with vent pipe to go through outside wall and a Motor Inlet Duct. An 8 foot power cord with an attached On/Off switch plugs into a 120 volt standard receptacle.

One (1) Bypass Collection Box to be mounted to the kiln or on the kiln stand, with mounting hardware.

One (1) length of flexible aluminum ducting (expands to 15 feet).

Two (2) hose clamps.

One (1) 4” diameter 90 degree elbow (for outside the building.)

---

**FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS**

Note: The stand is not included as part of the vent system. It is included with the kiln or can be ordered separately.
ADJUSTABLE AMOUNT OF VENTING
A sliding adjuster on the vent Bypass Collection Box adjusts the amount of venting from the system (see photo on page 3). Vent only what you need to vent - don’t waste heat and energy by venting more than you need.

EXTERNAL VENTING
External venting is safer and surer than venting to the inside of your kiln room with a filter.

REMOTE MOUNTING OF MOTOR
The vent blower motor is mounted to a wall plate with a 12” length of exhaust pipe that mounts on the wall (see photo). This keeps the heat of the kiln away from the motor (for longer motor life) and keeps the motor vibration away from the kiln. (With the special “Multi-Mounting Bracket” the vent motor may be mounted on the floor or a wall with the outlet pointing up and then connected to an existing vent system or 4” wall outlet. If you decide to mount it this way see the caution on page 5).

MOUNTS ON ANY KILN
The Vent-Sure vent system can be installed on almost any kiln. It requires only that you drill several small vent holes through the kiln wall (or floor) and four mounting holes to mount the bypass collection box to the kiln wall (note that if mounting the bypass/ collection box to the stand, that four studs are factory installed on the bottom of the new stand that L&L is using as of 3/2000, see photo on next page). Mounting hardware is included. You can also order one of L&L’s heavy-duty aluminized stands to mount the vent on and support your kiln. (See the separate PDF file www.hotkilns.com/vent.pdf).

POWERFUL VENT MOTOR
The blower vents up to 146 CFM (cubic feet per minute at 0 static pressure and 110 CFM at 0.500-In. static Pressure). Remember - not all of this air comes from the kiln - some comes from the Bypass Collection Box.

OUTLET TEMPERATURE UNDER 150°F
The outlet temperature of the air is less than 150 oF as long as you do not exceed the recommended holes in the kiln.

FLEXIBLE DUCT INCLUDED
15 feet of flexible expandable aluminum 3” diameter duct is included along with necessary hose clamps. Longer lengths or lengths of 3” stove pipe can be used as well.

LOW ELECTRICITY USAGE
The Vent-Sure vent System uses only 0.75 amps.

VENTS UP TO 20 CUBIC FEET OR MORE
The Vent-Sure vent System was designed to be used with all L&L model kilns. We recommend one vent system for kilns up to approximately 20 cubic feet. On larger kilns, depending on how much venting you need, you may need more than one vent system. (This really depends on how much venting you need for your situation). Even our largest 35 cubic feet DaVincis have usually been adequately vented with one Vent-Sure. Note that you can always add another vent if you find you need more venting.
INSTALLATION

IMPORTANT CAUTION
MAKE CERTAIN KILN POWER IS OFF BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH INSTALLATION.

Step 1. Turn Off Kiln Power
This is critical for safety reasons.

Step 2. Install Bypass/Collection Box
If mounting on a new L&L kiln stand, simply place the box on the studs on the bottom of the kiln stand and tighten with the provided nuts (and lock washers). If you are mounting the box on a section of the kiln, position the bypass/collection box in desired location, mark the four mounting hole locations with a marker, move the box and drill the 4 holes with a 1/16” drill bit.

Next you will drill the venting hole or holes through the floor or the kiln section. Note that this is already done on kilns that come from the factory ordered with the Vent-Sure vent system. See the chart in these instructions for the number of holes. If you later decide that that you want more or less ventilation, you can add or plug the holes accordingly. Be conservative. It is easier to add holes than plug them up (although that can be done with a brick repair kit). If mounting the box on a kiln section, be sure not to drill through an element holder. To prevent this, measure down on the inside of the kiln ring, then mark holes on the outside to clear the holders, then drill.

Attach the box to the kiln section using the provided hardware.

Step 3. Install Blower System
Install blower system by penetrating outside wall or setting into a window with appropriate support. Attach the provided 90 degree elbow to point down on the outside of the building (this is to prevent rain water from getting into the duct). (Note: this procedure will change if you use the Multi-Mount bracket). Mount securely because motor may vibrate over time especially if it builds up any dust in the blower.

CAUTION: Make sure that the vent outlet is at least four feet from any open windows or doors. This is to make sure hazardous fumes do not get back into your building. Also the fumes can hazardous to plants within a few feet.

A CAUTION ABOUT MOUNTING VERTICALLY
If the discharge duct of the vent is mounted pointing up (as shown on the photograph of the Vent-Doubler system) water that condenses in the duct may drop down and rust the motor. We recommend having a water trap in the bottom of a vertical duct run to drain off the water before it runs into the motor. This is not a problem when the vent has been mounted horizontally. The Multi-Mount bracket will allow you to mount the motor horizontally as well. You can then use 90 degree bends or flexible duct to go vertically. Just remember that there is water in the exhaust that will condense somewhere as it cools after it discharges from the vent motor.
A special Multi-Mount bracket is available from L&L for $20 which will allow you to mount the vent on the floor or wall with the outlet of the vent pointing up. This is useful when you want to use an existing penetration in a wall that won’t support the vent (like a window) or when you want to have the vent go out of a roof or into a central vent system.

Step 4. Connect Flexible Duct
Attach blower system to bypass/collection box by stretching the flexible aluminum duct carefully (it can extend up to 15 feet) and securing to both the blower housing and the bypass/collection box with the provided hose clamps. **NOTE: You may want to firmly attach this to the Bypass Collection Box before installing the kiln on the stand because it can be hard to maneuver under the kiln.**

Step 5. Plug In Vent
Plug in the switched cord to a standard 120 volt receptacle. **If need be you can safely use a grounded extension cord because of the small amperage required.** Be sure to secure cord away from heat of kiln.

ROOM AIR REPLACEMENT

**ROOM AIR REPLACEMENT:**
The Vent-Sure system moves up to 130 cubic feet of air per minute. We suggest opening a window slightly, or bringing other fresh air source into the room, to replace this room air.

**INSTALLATION OF MULTIPLE VENTS**

**VENT DOUBLER SYSTEM**
This shows a photograph of the Vent Doubler System available from L&L:

The Vent Doubler system includes a bracket for mounting the vent motor on the floor or wall (as shown), an extra Bypass Collection Box, an extra Flexible Aluminum Duct and a “T” Connector with dampers. You can vent two 10 cubic kilns with one Vent-Sure plus this Vent Doubler System.

**CENTRAL VENT SYSTEMS**
Multiple Vent-Sure systems may be installed individually, or each system may be connected to a central duct. The following information is provided to help the installer make decisions concerning the size and length of the central duct.

**CENTRAL DUCT SIZING**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QTY OF SYSTEMS</th>
<th>SIZE OF CENTRAL DUCT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>4”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>6”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>8”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>8”</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>10”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>10”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXTENDING DUCT LENGTH**
The duct may be 60 feet in length, and include up to four 90° bends, without a significant drop in static air flow or a reduction in kiln air pull. You may use any galvanized, stainless or aluminum duct. The outlet duct size (after the motor) is 4” diameter. The inlet duct (before the motor) is 3” diameter.
TYPICAL NUMBER AND SIZE OF HOLES TO BE DRILLED IN L&L KILNS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODEL</th>
<th>CUBIC FT</th>
<th>NO OF HOLES</th>
<th>HOLE DIA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>e23S</td>
<td>4.7 Cu Ft.</td>
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</tr>
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<td>e23T, SM23T, EQ23T</td>
<td>7.0 Cu Ft.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e28S</td>
<td>6.9 Cu Ft.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>10.3 Cu Ft.</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J18, E18S, LB18</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J18X, E18T</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>J23</td>
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<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>J230</td>
<td>7.0 Cu Ft.</td>
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<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<td>J245</td>
<td>11.75 Cu Ft.</td>
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<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>3</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>3</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<td>15.0 Cu Ft.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X3236</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>5/16&quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>5/16&quot;</td>
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<tr>
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<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T2327</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>T2336</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>5/16&quot;</td>
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<td>5/16&quot;</td>
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<td>5/16&quot;</td>
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<td>T3436</td>
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<td>5/16&quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>T3445</td>
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<td>5/16&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>GS1714</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OPERATION
Plug blower cord into 120 Volt receptacle. Close all kiln apertures such as peepholes, etc. (See important caution regarding this on page 3). Close the lid and fire. For heavy loads with lots of fumes you may want to avoid firing faster than 150°F per hour to prevent the generation of more fumes than the system can eliminate. Use the flow control on the Bypass Box to modify the flow of exhaust - a larger flow control opening reduces the flow of exhaust fumes from the kiln, and a smaller flow control opening increase the exhaust.

IMPORTANT CAUTIONS

**CAUTION:** Check duct occasionally to see if there is wax or other residual build up. Wax could condense in the duct, which is a potential fire hazard. This is especially important if you are using a wax resist.

**CAUTION:** Be sure that the exhaust of the vent is not being brought back into your building. Keep exit of vent at least four feet away from any open windows or doors.

**CAUTION:** We recommend the use of a carbon monoxide monitor in your kiln room. These are available from good hardware stores, Graingers or Home Depot for about $50 (This is another good way to be sure you are getting proper venting).

**CAUTION:** Disconnect power cord from power source when doing any maintenance on the fan motor. Do not put your fingers inside the blower without disconnecting power. Blower may start unexpectedly because of automatic thermal shut off switch built into the motor.

ADJUSTING THE BYPASS SYSTEM
The sliding adjuster allows you to fine adjust the amount of venting that is done to your kiln. It is easy to adjust but hard to know just how to adjust it. The problem is that there are many factors that contribute to the amount of "pull" required. For instance, the amount of fumes that are being given off by your specific work is one factor. Some clays have a lot of carbon in them; others do not. Depending on the size of the load, and the ingredients in the clay/glaze, there
will be more or less fumes generated. Another factor is the “static pressure” in your vent ducts. If you have a lot of curves, 90 degree bends, or long runs of duct this will increase the static pressure (back pressure) and hence increase the need for more venting force. One suggestion is to start with the valve in the half open position and see what happens.

The Smell Method:
To some extent you can go by fumes that you smell. However, carbon monoxide is odorless. You should get a carbon monoxide warning alarm for your kiln room in any case so if this goes off you will know you need more venting. Also, if the kiln is in a damp spot, the bricks can absorb moisture, and grow some mold. The mold will burn off, and you would smell it burning. As soon as the kiln goes on, you may well smell stuff that can’t be taken away by the vent, and you won’t be able to prove it’s not a faulty vent. Smell is therefore not a foolproof method to verify the success of a vent.

Industrial Point of View:
A typical rule of thumb for purging panels of hazardous fumes (in explosive environments) is four volume changes of air per hour. This seems intuitively the same for fumes in a kiln. However, there is no easy way to measure these volume changes and we mention this fact as a point of reference only.

The Smoke Method:
1) With power disconnected from the kiln and with the kiln empty, turn the vent on.
2) Start with the bypass valve in the fully closed position. This will give it the maximum suction in the kiln.
3) Light a piece of paper on fire or something that will create smoke. Blow it out, and hold it near the cracks around the closed lid.
4) If the smoke is being pulled into the kiln around these door cracks, open the Bypass (decreasing flow from the kiln) until the smoke stops being pulled in, then back up the valve slightly, so the draw increases just slightly again. Try this when kiln is at about 100 deg F.
5) You can do the same test directly at the bottom hole with the kiln open also to test the differential between the pull at the actual suction hole from the kiln and the pull around the lid.

For Gross Adjustment:
Remember that the sliding adjuster is for fine adjustment. Drilling or plugging the holes in the floor (and possibly adding or plugging holes in the top) is how you would dramatically change the amount of air vented.

VENTING CODES
The following information is provided courtesy of The Edward Orton Jr. Ceramic Foundation.

OSHA has set standards for carbon monoxide exposure of 35 ppm (parts per million) for long-term exposure and 200 PPM for short-term exposure. Independent testing has shown that fumes near the kiln can exceed 200 PPM near the kiln during the firing of greenware. This can cause headaches, fatigue, sore throats and nausea. When properly installed and operated, a downdraft vent removes all harmful fumes and provides a safer working environment.

Most states and localities have set venting requirements for firing kilns in public places. Your local and state health board should have this information. The Uniform Mechanical Code says that you must vent ceramic kilns. It says that you can use a canopy-type hood (and gives specific requirements for such use) or that “listed exhaust blowers may be used when marked as being suitable for the kiln and installed in accordance with manufacturer’s instructions.” Our Vent-Sure vent is UL listed and is appropriate to meet this ventilation requirement. L&L takes no responsibility for improperly installed vents or kilns nor do we take responsibility for the use of other vents with our kilns.

REGULAR MAINTENANCE
Occasionally check for leaks in the aluminum duct. Replace if necessary. Check for corrosion especially if you are using clay with a high content of sulfur, phosphorus or fluorine. Check for wax or carbon build up if you are using a wax resist process or a high
carbon content clay.

We recommend unmounting the fan and blowing out the squirrel cage with compressed air every two years or so especially if you are in a very dusty or if you have it mounted on the floor where it is more likely to pick up dust.

If the discharge duct of the vent is mounted pointing up you may get water that condenses in the duct drop down and rust out the motor. Taking it apart and spraying with WD-40 can restore the motor in some cases. We recommend having a water trap in the bottom of a long vertical duct run to drain off the water before it runs into the motor. This is not a problem when the vent has been mounted horizontally.

**FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS**

The following Frequently Asked Questions are provided courtesy of The Edward Orton Jr. Ceramic Foundation. L&L licenses the downdraft technology from Orton and many of the operating characteristics of the vent systems are similar. The main differences are that the L&L Vent-Sure kiln vent system has an externally mounted blower, which keeps the vent blower away from the kiln. This eliminates the chance of vibration affecting the kiln and ware, extends blower life and keeps the vent duct under vacuum instead of pressure. Our blower is also more powerful. We add our own comments in parenthesis below.

**How do I determine the size, number and location of holes in the top and bottom of the kiln?**

As a general rule, you should have one 1/4 inch hole for every 4 cubic feet of kiln volume. The holes are normally placed within a 4 inch circle in the center of the kiln floor. The same number of holes is used in the top of the kiln, but they are placed about 1 inch in from the inner edge of the kiln wall. (L&L NOTE: L&L does not normally recommend drilling holes in the top like Orton does. Also see our hole chart on page 7 which is specific to our kilns).

**How do I know if the system is working?**

The easiest way to test the operation of the vent system is to turn the unit on and to place a lighted match directly over and level with one of the holes in the lid of the kiln. The flame from the match should be gently pulled into the kiln as a result of the draft. (L&L NOTE: See our comments under “Adjusting the Bypass Valve”).

**How hot does the duct get during the firing?**

Due to the introduction of fresh air through the plenum of the vent system mixing with the hot gases being drawn from the kiln, the temperature of the duct of the duct is below 150°F. This will prevent burns from occurring in the event of the duct being touched. (This is also true for the Vent-Sure - even more so because we are pulling a higher volume of air through the Bypass Valve).

**How long can the duct be and how many bends can it have?**

Up to 60 feet of ducting containing four 90 degree bends may be safely used with no drop in static air flow at the duct exhaust point or a reduction in draw at the kiln. The ducting can be run either horizontally or vertically. (The Vent-Sure should handle more static pressure than the Orton vent because of the stronger motor. This translates into longer lengths of pipe and more 90 degree bends. If you have a choice run two 45 deg bends rather than one 90 degree bend or use flexible duct which has a gentler bend).

**Do I need double wall duct when going through the roof?**

You do not normally need double wall ducting when going through the roof since the pipe or duct does not reach high temperature. It is always advisable to check your local building codes for their requirements.

**What type of duct do I use if I need more than 8 feet?**

You can use more of the flexible aluminum dryer ducting or you can use galvanized furnace ducting. We have also had people using “pvc” plastic piping with good results. (L&L NOTE: L&L does not recommend PVC pipe. We recommend using 4” diameter galvanized duct).

**Will the fumes coming through the vent damage my plants, the neighborhood pets or disturb the local environment?**

No. The fumes and the gases coming from the kiln have been diluted with enough fresh air to make
them safe for the environment. (L&L NOTE: Do not, however, place the outlet of the vent below an open window. Also we have heard of plants near the vent outlet being affected by the vent fumes so keep this in mind when locating vent outlet).

**Will using the vent cause my firing to take longer?**

The vent system pulls only a very small amount of air out of the kiln, so very little heat is removed and firing times will change very little. For some kilns, a high firing may take a little longer. The insulation value and the number of air leaks in the kiln also determine the length of the firing. (L&L NOTE: We have seen vents overpower smaller kilns - so it is important to adjust the amount of venting in some cases. On the other hand an example of an e23T 7 cubic foot kiln firing an 85 pound load on Fast Glaze program to cone 8 took 7 hours and 4 minutes with a vent on and 6 hours and 24 minutes without a vent. The vent was on the whole time).

**What does it cost to operate the vent system?**

The vent system typically costs less than 1 cent/hour to operate (electricity costs). Vent systems save on heating and cooling costs when compared to hoods. Hoods remove massive amounts of air from the kiln room - air that may have been heated or cooled, depending on the time of year. Downdraft type vents remove 80% less air in the kiln room than does a hood. (It does cost more to run the vent because it does take heat out of the kiln. For example an e23T 7 cubic foot kiln firing an 85 pound load on Fast Glaze program to cone 8 took 70 KW hours with a vent on and 62 KW hours without a vent. At 8 cents per KW hour that would be a cost of $0.64. The vent was on the whole time).

**Will the cold air entering the kiln damage the product?**

The amount of air that is entering the kiln is so small that it does not cause problems with the ware. The top holes are placed toward the outside of the chamber area so that no air comes down directly onto ware that is placed near the top of the kiln. (L&L NOTE: This is fine but we do not normally recommend holes in the lid).

**Will faster cooling crack the ware if I leave the vent on during the cooling Cycle?**

No. Some kilns can cool an average of 4-1/2 hours faster with the use of the vent system. The cooling is faster but it is taking place at an even rate throughout the kiln avoiding uneven stresses being placed on the ware. Most ceramic ware can be cooled more quickly if the cooling takes place at an even rate. The rate of cooling increase will depend on the kiln size and the density of the load. (L&L NOTE: The vent will remove more molecules of air and hence heat as the kiln cools. This is because the density of the air increases the lower in temperature you go. This is one reason why kiln vents are so efficient - they don’t remove too much heat when you don’t want them too at the higher temperatures).

**What should I do if I still smell fumes?**

You should check your ductwork to make sure it is properly connected and that the joints are sealed. You can also check for extra air leaks around your kiln and repair these if necessary. (L&L NOTE: See our comments on “Adjusting the Bypass System”).

### MOTOR SPECIFICATIONS

**120 VOLT MOTOR**

- PSC Blower, Type: Forward Curve, Direct Drive
- Wheel Dia. (In.): 3-15/16, Wheel Width (In.): 2-1/2
- CFM @ 0.000-In. SP: 146, CFM @ 0.100-In. SP: 140, CFM @ 0.200-In. SP: 126, CFM @ 0.300-In. SP: 124, CFM @ 0.400-In. SP: 120, CFM @ 0.500-In. SP: 110
- Voltage: 115, Hz: 50/60, Phase: 1, Full Load Amps: 0.75, RPM: 3100
- Bearing Type: Ball, Motor Type: Permanent Split Capacitor, Motor Enclosure: Open, Motor Insulation: Class B, Thermal Protection: Auto
- Lead Length (In.): 13, Conduit Box: Yes,
- Inlet Dia. (In.): 3-1/8, Outlet Height (In.): 2-3/16, Outlet Width (In.): 3-1/4, Overall Height (In.): 5-3/4,
**L&L VENT-SURE DOWNDRAFT KILN VENT SYSTEM**

Overall Width (In.): 6-5/16, Overall Depth (In.): 5-3/8, Mounting: All Position, Housing Finish: Gray Enamel, Housing Material: Rolled Steel

Agency Compliance: UL Recognized US and Canada (E47479)

Includes: Discharge Mounting Flange

**220-240 VOLT MOTOR**

Item: PSC Blower, Type: Forward Curve, Direct Drive

Wheel Dia. (In.): 3-3/4, Wheel Width (In.): 1-7/8

CFM @ 0.000-In. SP: 133, CFM @ 0.100-In. SP: 128, CFM @ 0.200-In. SP: 126, CFM @ 0.300-In. SP: 119, CFM @ 0.400-In. SP: 112, CFM @ 0.500-In. SP: 105,

Voltage: 230, Hz: 50/60, Phase: 1

Full Load Amps: 0.33, RPM: 2880


Inlet Dia. (In.): 3-1/4, Outlet Height (In.): 2-1/2, Outlet Width (In.): 2-9/16, Overall Height (In.): 6-9/16, Overall Width (In.): 5-5/8, Overall Depth (In.): 6-9/16

Mounting: All Position, Housing Finish: Gray Enamel, Housing Material: Rolled Steel

UL Recognized US and Canada (E47479)

Includes Discharge Mounting Flange

**PARTS**

Prices of all parts are listed at www.hotkilns.com/parts

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**Complete Vent-Sure Kiln Vent System**

M-V-VENT/00 ...............................................................(see web)

VENT-SURE Vent. 120 Volt. Complete System as described above and on our separate Vent-Sure brochure. This includes the motor, an 8 foot cord with a rocker type On/Off switch mounted in line in the cord, the inlet duct attached to the motor, the wall mounting bracket, a 90 deg elbow for mounting on the end of the outlet pipe (to keep rain water out), the Bypass Collection Box for attaching to the kiln stand or kiln side along with mounting hardware for mounting to an L&L kiln stand and one section of 15 foot flexible aluminum duct with hose clamps.

M-V-VENT/41 ...............................................................(see web)


**You can also purchase individual parts to suit your own configuration or as replacements:**

Below shows the vent system blower assembly with the motor, cord and switch set, 3" inlet duct to hold the flexible duct, 12" duct to go through a wall and 90 Degree elbow.

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| M-V-INLT/00 | M-V-MOTR/00 |
| M-V-VENT/00 | M-V-CORD/00 |
| M-V-90EL/00 |

M-V-FAN/00 ...............................................................(see web)

Fan/Blower Motor for Vent-Sure. 120 Volts. This is just the motor with no attached brackets or inlets. Cord is not included.

M-V-FAN/41 ...............................................................(see web)

Fan/Blower Motor for Vent-Sure. 220-240 Volts. This is just the motor with no attached brackets or inlets. Cord is not included.

M-V-BRKT/00 ...............................................................(see web)

Wall mount bracket that goes through wall and onto which the fan motor mounts. (Note: This will also attach to the Multi-mounting bracket (M-V-BRCK/00) if you want to mount the vent on the floor or on the wall with the outlet pipe going up.

M-V-INLT/00 ...............................................................(see web)

Motor Inlet Duct. This is the piece of duct that attaches to the inlet of the motor. The expandable aluminum duct fits onto this.

M-V-OUTT/00 ...............................................................(see web)

Motor Outlet Duct. This is the piece of duct that attaches to the outlet of the motor.
L&L VENT-SURE DOWNDRAFT KILN VENT SYSTEM

M-V-90EL/00 .........................................................(see web)
90 Deg 4” elbow. Used for attaching to motor mount duct to
the outside to prevent water from getting into duct.

M-V-CORD/00 .........................................................(see web)
Power Cord for Vent-Sure. Includes a cord mounted on/off
switch. (Call factory for non-USA cords)

Power Cord with On/Off switch:

M-V-DUCT/00 .........................................................(see web)
Flexible Vent Duct 2-1/2 to 15 Feet Expandable, Flexible
Aluminum 3” duct with two hose clamps.

Flexible Aluminum Duct shown with hose clamps:

M-V-BBOX/00 .........................................................(see web)
Bypass Collection Box. Includes hardware for mounting and
slide control. Note: This has the proper mounting hole con-
figuration to be mounted to any L&L kiln stand. It can also
be mounted to the side of other kilns (typically on the bottom
section).

Bypass Collection Box:

M-V-MULT/00 .........................................................(see web)
Mult-Mounting Bracket. Comes with six (6) sets of 1/4-20
bolts, nuts and lock washers for mounting this to the “Wall
mount bracket” (M-V-VENT/BK).

This special “Multi-Mounting Bracket” will allow you to mount the
vent on the floor or wall with the outlet of the vent pointing up.
This is useful when you want to use an existing penetration in a
wall that won’t support the vent (like a window) or when you want
to have the vent go out of a roof. There are mounting holes on
the bottom (for floor mounting) and on the side as well (for wall
mounting):

M-V-VENT/DB .........................................................(see web)
Vent Doubler System for Vent-Sure. Includes a “T” duct with
dampers, an extra Bypass Collection Box, Extra Flexible Duct
and the Multi-Mount Bracket.

Vent Doubler System:

M-V-TDUC/00 .........................................................(see web)
“T” DUCT to attach two aluminum flexible ducts to. Includes
dampers on the two inlets. The outlet fits onto the Motor Inlet
Duct of the Vent-Sure and the Flexible Vent Duct(s) fit onto
the inlets of this “T” Duct.

Special “T” duct for doubler system: